SAFETY DATA SHEET

Octamar™ LI-5 Plus

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name	:	Octamar™ LI-5 Plus
Product code	:	14011
Internal code	:	14011
Date of issue/ Date of revision	:	2021-09-06
Date of previous issue	:	2021-09-06
Version	:	13.02
Product description	:	Mixture
Product type	:	Liquid.
UFI	:	FMC0-H006-4009-4G13

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Petrochemical industry: Petrochemicals. Fuel additive.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

UK Supplier	:	Innospec Limited Innospec Manufacturing Park Oil Sites Road, Ellesmere Port Cheshire CH65 4EY United Kingdom
Telephone no.:	:	+44 (0)151 355 3611
Fax no.	:	+44 (0)151 356 2349
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS	:	sdsinfo@innospecinc.com
NON-emergency enquiries	:	
EU Supplier	:	Innospec Limited Boite Postale 19, F-55300 St. Mihiel Han-sur-Meuse, Meuse, France + 33 3 2991 7300

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Tox Info Suisse, the Swiss poisons information centre : 145 (24h)

In Europe, Middle East, Africa, Asia Pacific and South America 24 hour / 7 day emergency response for our products is provided by the NCEC CARECHEM 24 global network

The main regional centres are listed here in Section 1. Other local contact numbers for specific language support in Asia Pacific are listed in Section 16.

Country information	Emergency telephone number	Location

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

Europe (all countries, all languages)	: +44 (0) 1235 239 670	London, UK
Middle East, Africa (Arabic, French, English , Portuguese, Farsi)	: +44 (0) 1235 239 671	London, UK
Asia Pacific (all countries except China)	: +65 3158 1074	Singapore
China	: 400 120 6011	Beijing China
South America (all countries except Brazil and Mexico)	: +1 215 207 0061	Philadelphia USA
Brazil	: +55 11 3197 5891	Brazil
Mexico	: +52 555 004 8763	Mexico

In USA, Canada and North America, 24 h/7 days of emergency response for our product is provided by the CHEMTREC(R) Emergency Call Center based in the USA.

Country information	: **Emergency telephone number**
USA	: 800 424 9300
Canada, Puerto Rico, Virgin Islands	: +1 800 424 9300
In case of difficulty using the toll-free number, or for ships at sea, call	: +1 703 527 3887

See section 16.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Eye Irrit. 2, H319
Carc. 2, H351
STOT SE 3, H336
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms :

Signal word : Warning

Hazard statements : H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.
H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H351 - Suspected of causing cancer.
H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Supplemental label elements : Contains 3,6,9-triazaundecamethylenediamine and maleic anhydride. May produce an allergic reaction. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Precautionary statements

General : Not applicable.

Prevention : P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.
P280 - Wear protective gloves: > 8 hours (breakthrough time): Viton®1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): nitrile rubber. Wear protective clothing. Wear eye or face protection: Recommended: splash goggles.
P273 - Avoid release to the environment.
P261 - Avoid breathing vapour.

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Response : P391 - Collect spillage.
P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.
P304 + P312 - IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.
P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.

Storage : P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Disposal : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Hazardous ingredients : Hydrocarbons C10, Aromatics, <1% Naphthalene, [Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.] and naphthalene

Special packaging requirements

Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings : Not applicable.

Tactile warning of danger : Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Other hazards which do not result in classification : None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Type
Hydrocarbons C10, Aromatics, <1% Naphthalene, [Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.]	REACH #: 01-2119463583-34 EC: 918-811-1 CAS: 64742-94-5 Index: 649-424-00-3	≥25 - ≤50	STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH066	[1] [2]
Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, >1% naphthalene [Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.]	REACH #: 01-2119463588-24, EC: 919-284-0 CAS: 64742-94-5	≥10 - ≤25	STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH066	[1] [2]
naphthalene	REACH #: Compliant EC: 202-049-5 CAS: 91-20-3 Index: 601-052-00-2	≤3	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Carc. 2, H351 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)	[1] [2]
Reaction mass of 2,6-di-tert-butylphenol and 2,4,6-tri-tert-butylphenol	REACH #: 01-2119538013-51, Compliant EC: 907-745-9	<3	Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)	[1]
3,6,9-triazaundecamethylenediamine	REACH #: 01-2119487290-37 EC: 203-986-2 CAS: 112-57-2 Index: 612-060-00-0	≤0.3	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 **See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.**	[1]

Other CAS no.

Hydrocarbons C10, Aromatics, <1% Naphthalene, [Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.]	-	
Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, >1% naphthalene [Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.]	-	64742-94-5
naphthalene	-	

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Reaction mass of 2,6-di-tert-butylphenol and 2,4,6-tri-tert-butylphenol	-	128-39-2, 732-26-3
3,6,9-triazaundecamethylenediamine	-	

Additional information

Type

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
[3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
[4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
[5] Substance of equivalent concern
[6] Additional disclosure due to company policy

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Our REACH (pre-) registrations DO NOT cover the following:
1. The manufacture of these products by our company outside the EU unless covered by the Only Representative provisions, and
2. The importation of these products into Europe by other companies. Re-importation by other companies is not covered by our (pre-) registrations

Customers and other third parties importing and/or re-importing our products into Europe will need either:
- Their own (pre-) registration for substances contained in the imported product, or constituent monomers (imported above 1 tonne per year and >2% by weight) in the case of imported polymers, or
- In the case of importation only, to make use of the "Only Representative" provisions, if available.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Skin contact : Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion : Remove dentures if any. Wash out mouth with water. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Skin contact : Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain or irritation
watering
redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
nausea or vomiting
headache
drowsiness/fatigue
dizziness/vertigo
unconsciousness

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
dryness
cracking

Ingestion : No specific data.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : None known.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture : In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products : Decomposition products may include the following materials:
carbon dioxide
carbon monoxide
nitrogen oxides

Aliphatic carboxylic acid.: This material increases the risk of fire and may aid combustion.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.

6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information.
See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.
See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations : Not available.

Industrial sector specific solutions : Not available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
Hydrocarbons C10, Aromatics, <1% Naphthalene, [Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.]	**Supplier/Manufacturer (Europe, 2015).** EU HSPA (RCP Aromatic solvents 180 - 215): 151 mg/m³ 8 hours.
Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, >1% naphthalene [Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.]	**Supplier/Manufacturer (Europe, 2015).** EU HSPA (RCP Aromatic solvents 180 - 215): 151 mg/m³ 8 hours.
naphthalene	**EU OEL (Europe, 10/2019). Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values** TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 50 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 8 hours.

Recommended monitoring procedures : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Type	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
Hydrocarbons C10, Aromatics, <1% Naphthalene, [Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.]	DNEL	Long term Dermal	12.5 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	151 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	7.5 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	32 mg/m³	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	7.5 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	2.1 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DMEL	Long term Inhalation	3.25 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	10.2 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
	DMEL	Long term Dermal	23.4 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DMEL	Long term Dermal	42.4 mg/	General	Systemic

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

			kg bw/day	population	
Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, >1% naphthalene [Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.]	DNEL	Long term Dermal	12.5 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	151 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	7.5 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	32 mg/m³	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	7.5 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	2.1 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DMEL	Long term Inhalation	3.25 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	10.2 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
	DMEL	Long term Dermal	23.4 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DMEL	Long term Dermal	42.4 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
naphthalene	DNEL	Long term Dermal	3.57 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	25 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	25 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	3.57 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	25 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	25 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
Reaction mass of 2,6-di-tert-butylphenol and 2,4,6-tri-tert-butylphenol	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.5 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	3.5 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
3,6,9-triazaundecamethylenediamine	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	6940 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.74 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1.29 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	10 mg/kg bw/day	General population [Consumers]	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	2071 mg/m³	General population [Consumers]	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Oral	26 mg/kg bw/day	General population [Consumers]	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Oral	1.29 mg/cm²	General population [Consumers]	Local
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.32 mg/kg bw/day	General population [Consumers]	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.38 mg/m³	General population [Consumers]	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.53 mg/	General	Systemic

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

	DNEL	Long term Dermal	kg bw/day 0.56 mg/cm²	population [Consumers] General population [Consumers]	Local

PNECs

Product/ingredient name	Type	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
naphthalene	PNEC	Fresh water	2.4 µg/l	-
	PNEC	Marine	0.24 µg/l	-
	PNEC	Sewage Treatment Plant	2.9 mg/l	-
	PNEC	Fresh water sediment	67.2 µg/kg dwt	-
	PNEC	Marine water sediment	67.2 µg/kg dwt	-
	PNEC	Soil	53.3 µg/kg dwt	-
Reaction mass of 2,6-di-tert-butylphenol and 2,4,6-tri-tert-butylphenol	-	Fresh water	0.3 µg/l	-
	-	Marine water	0.03 µg/l	-
	-	Fresh water sediment	0.09 mg/kg dwt	-
	-	Marine water sediment	0.009 mg/kg dwt	-
	-	Soil	0.044 mg/kg dwt	-
	-	Sewage Treatment Plant	2.4 mg/l	-
3,6,9-triazaundecamethylenediamine	PNEC	Fresh water	6.8 µg/l	-
	PNEC	Marine	0.68 µg/l	-
	PNEC	Sewage Treatment Plant	9.73 mg/l	-
	PNEC	Fresh water sediment	3.43 mg/kg dwt	-
	PNEC	Marine water sediment	0.343 mg/kg dwt	-
	PNEC	Soil	0.683 mg/kg dwt	-

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles. Recommended: splash goggles

Skin protection

Hand protection : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. > 8 hours (breakthrough time): Viton®
1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): nitrile rubber

Body protection : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Other skin protection : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Recommended: organic vapour filter (Type A)

Environmental exposure controls : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid.

Colour : Amber.

Odour : Aromatic.

Odour threshold : Not available.

pH : Not applicable.

Melting point/freezing point : Not available.

Initial boiling point and boiling range : Lowest known value: 178 to 215°C (352.4 to 419°F)(Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.). Weighted average: 205.2°C (401.4°F)

Flash point : Closed cup: 66°C (150.8°F) [DIN EN ISO 2719]

Evaporation rate : Highest known value: 0.05 (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.) Weighted average: 0.05compared with butyl acetate

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available.

Burning time : Not applicable.

Burning rate : Not applicable.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits : Greatest known range: Lower: 0.6% Upper: 7% (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.)

Vapour pressure : Highest known value: 0.1 kPa (0.8 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.). Weighted average: 0.06 kPa (0.45 mm Hg) (at 20°C)

Vapour density : Highest known value: 4.6 to 5.5 (Air = 1) (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.). Weighted average: 5.05 (Air = 1)

Relative density : Not available.

Density : 0.925 g/cm³ [15°C (59°F)]

Solubility(ies) : Easily soluble in the following materials: diethyl ether, acetone.
Insoluble in the following materials: cold water, hot water.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : Not available.

Auto-ignition temperature : Lowest known value: 362°C (683.6°F) (Aliphatic carboxylic acid.).

Decomposition temperature : Not available.

Viscosity : Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): 0.77 cm^2/s (77 cSt) [ISO 3104 / DIN 51562]

Explosive properties : Not available.

Oxidising properties : Not available.

9.2 Other information

Pour point : <-40°C

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid : No specific data.

10.5 Incompatible materials : No specific data.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Species	Result type	Dose
Hydrocarbons C10, Aromatics, <1% Naphthalene, [Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.]	-	Rat	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	>590 mg/m³
	-	Rabbit	LD50 Dermal	>2 mL/kg
	-	Rabbit	LD50 Dermal	2000 mg/kg
	-	Rat	LDLo Oral	5 mL/kg
Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, >1% naphthalene [Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.]	-	Rat	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	>590 mg/m³
	-	Rabbit	LD50 Dermal	>2 mL/kg
	-	Rabbit	LD50 Dermal	2000 mg/kg
	-	Rat	LDLo Oral	5 mL/kg
naphthalene	-	Rat	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	>340 mg/m³
	-	Rabbit	LD50 Dermal	>2000 mg/kg
	-	Rat	LD50 Oral	490 mg/kg
Reaction mass of 2,6-di-tert-butylphenol and 2,4,6-tri-tert-butylphenol	OECD 402 Acute Dermal Toxicity	Rat - Male, Female	LD50 Dermal	>2000 mg/kg
	OECD 401 Acute Oral Toxicity	Rat - Male, Female	LD50 Oral	2976 mg/kg
3,6,9-triazaundecamethylenediamine	-	Rat	LD50 Dermal	1260 mg/kg
	-	Rat	LD50 Oral	2100 to 3990 mg/kg

Acute toxicity estimates (ATE)

Route	ATE value
Oral	31624.63 mg/kg

Irritation/Corrosion

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Test	Species	Result		
Hydrocarbons C10, Aromatics, <1% Naphthalene, [Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.]	-	Rabbit	Skin - Mild irritant	-	-
	-	Mammal - species unspecified	Eyes - Mild irritant	-	-
Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, >1% naphthalene [Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.]	-	Rabbit	Skin - Mild irritant	-	-
	-	Mammal - species unspecified	Eyes - Mild irritant	-	-
Reaction mass of 2,6-di-tert-butylphenol and 2,4,6-tri-tert-butylphenol	OECD 404 Acute Dermal Irritation/ Corrosion	Rabbit	Skin - Oedema	0	-
	OECD 405 Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion	Rabbit	Eyes - Cornea opacity	3	-
	OECD 405 Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion	Rabbit	Eyes - Redness of the conjunctivae	3	-
3,6,9-triazaundecamethylenediamine	-	Rabbit	Eyes - Moderate irritant	-	-
	-	Rabbit	Skin - Severe irritant	-	-

Sensitisation

Product/ingredient name	Test	Species	Result	
Reaction mass of 2,6-di-tert-butylphenol and 2,4,6-tri-tert-butylphenol	-	Guinea pig	Not sensitizing	-
3,6,9-triazaundecamethylenediamine	-	Guinea pig	Sensitising	-

Potential chronic health effects

Product/ingredient name	Test	Species	Result	Dose
3,6,9-triazaundecamethylenediamine	-	Rat	Sub-chronic LOAEL Oral	43 mg/kg
	-	Rabbit	Sub-chronic LOAEL Dermal	50 mg/kg

Mutagenicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Experiment	Result
3,6,9-triazaundecamethylenediamine	-	Experiment: In vivo Subject: Mammalian-Animal	Negative

Reproductive toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Species	Result	Dose
3,6,9-triazaundecamethylenediamine	-	Mammal - species unspecified	-	Oral: 970 NOAEL
	-	Mammal - species unspecified	-	Dermal: 161 NOAEL

Information on likely routes of exposure : Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation.

Potential acute health effects

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Skin contact : Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.

Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain or irritation
watering
redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
nausea or vomiting
headache
drowsiness/fatigue
dizziness/vertigo
unconsciousness

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
dryness
cracking

Ingestion : No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

General : Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.

Carcinogenicity : Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Teratogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Test	Species	Exposure	Result
Hydrocarbons C10, Aromatics, <1% Naphthalene, [Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.]	-	Algae	72 hours	Acute EC50 1 to 3 mg/l
	-	Daphnia	48 hours	Acute EC50 3 to 10 mg/l
	-	Fish	96 hours	Acute LC50 2 to 5 mg/l
Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, >1% naphthalene [Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.]	-	Algae	72 hours	Acute EC50 1 to 3 mg/l
	-	Daphnia	48 hours	Acute EC50 3 to 10 mg/l
	-	Fish	96 hours	Acute LC50 2 to 5 mg/l
naphthalene	-	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna	48 hours	Acute EC50 1.96 mg/l Fresh water
	-	Crustaceans - Daggerblade grass shrimp - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours	Acute LC50 2350 µg/l Marine water
	-	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours	Acute LC50 1.6 mg/l
	-	Crustaceans - Fiddler crab - Uca pugnax - Adult	3 weeks	Chronic NOEC 0.5 mg/l Marine water
	-	Fish - Mozambique tilapia - Oreochromis mossambicus	60 days	Chronic NOEC 1.5 mg/l Fresh water
Reaction mass of 2,6-di-tert-butylphenol and 2,4,6-tri-tert-butylphenol	OECD 201 Alga, Growth Inhibition Test	Algae - S. capricornutum	72 hours	Acute EC50 4.9 mg/l Key data sources
	EU C.2 202 Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test	Daphnia	48 hours	Acute EC50 0.4 mg/l Key data sources
	EU C.1 203 Fish, Acute Toxicity Test	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours	Acute LC50 0.3 mg/l Key data sources
3,6,9-triazaundecamethylenediamine	-	Algae	72 hours	Acute EC50 6.8 mg/l
	-	Daphnia	48 hours	Acute EC50 24.1 mg/l
	-	Fish	96 hours	Acute LC50 420 mg/l
	-	Algae	-	Acute NOEC 0.5 mg/l

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Hydrocarbons C10, Aromatics, <1% Naphthalene, [Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.]	-	-	Inherent
Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, >1% naphthalene [Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.]	-	-	Inherent
Reaction mass of 2,6-di-tert-butylphenol and 2,4,6-tri-tert-	Fresh water 73.5 days, 20°C	<1 day(s)	Not readily

SECTION 12: Ecological information

butylphenol 3,6,9-triazaundecamethylenediamine	-	-	Not readily

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	$LogP_{ow}$	BCF	Potential
Hydrocarbons C10, Aromatics, <1% Naphthalene, [Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.]	2.8 to 6.5	<100	low
Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, >1% naphthalene [Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.]	-	<100	low
naphthalene	3.4	36.5 to 168	low
Reaction mass of 2,6-di-tert-butylphenol and 2,4,6-tri-tert-butylphenol	4.9	-	high
3,6,9-triazaundecamethylenediamine	-3.16	-	low

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K_{OC}) : Not available.

Mobility : Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT : Not applicable.

vPvB : Not applicable.

12.6 Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

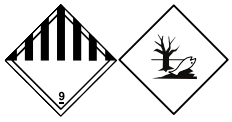
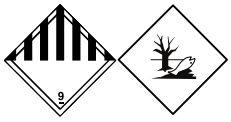
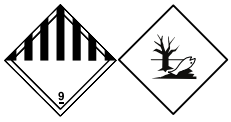
Hazardous waste : The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.

Packaging

Methods of disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Special precautions : This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number	UN3082	UN3082	UN3082	UN3082
14.2 UN proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom., naphthalene)	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom., naphthalene)	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom., naphthalene). Marine pollutant (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom., naphthalene)	Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom., naphthalene)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	9 	9 	9 	9 
14.4 Packing group	III	III	III	III
14.5 Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.
Additional information	This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8. **Hazard identification number** 90 **Limited quantity** 5 L **Special provisions** 274, 335, 601, 375	This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8. **Special provisions** 274, 335, 375, 601	This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8. **Emergency schedules** F-A, S-F **Special provisions** 274, 335, 969	
14.6 Special precautions for user				
14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments				

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles : Not applicable.

Other EU regulations

Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds (in tonnes)

Danger criteria

Category	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
E2	200	500

Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air : Not listed

Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water : Not listed

Product/ingredient name	Carcinogenic effects	Mutagenic effects	Developmental effects	Fertility effects
naphthalene	Not supported	-	-	-

Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule I Chemicals : Not listed

Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule II Chemicals : Not listed

Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule III Chemicals : Not listed

International lists

Australia inventory (AICS) : All components are listed or exempted.

Canada inventory : All components are listed or exempted.

China inventory (IECSC) : All components are listed or exempted.

Japan inventory (ENCS) : **Japan inventory (ENCS)**: All components are listed or exempted.
Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.

Korea inventory (KECI) : All components are listed or exempted.

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC) : All components are listed or exempted.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Philippines inventory (PICCS) : All components are listed or exempted.

Taiwan inventory (TCSI) : All components are listed or exempted.

United States inventory (TSCA 8b) : All components are listed or exempted.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment : This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]
DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement
PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
RRN = REACH Registration Number

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	Calculation method
Carc. 2, H351	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H336	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements :

H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS] :

Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1	SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
Asp. Tox. 1	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Carc. 2	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
Eye Dam. 1	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Skin Corr. 1B	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B
Skin Sens. 1	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE

SECTION 16: Other information

EXPOSURE - Category 3

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Emergency contact numbers for local language support in Asia Pacific region

Country information	Languages supported	Telephone no.:	Location
Australia	English	+61 2 8014 4558	Australia
Bangladesh	Bengali, English	+65 3158 1200	Singapore
China	Mandarin, English	400 120 6011	Beijing China
India	Hindi, English	+65 3158 1198	Singapore
India (local toll free number)	Hindi, English	000800 100 7479	India
Indonesia (local toll free number)	Bahasa Indonesian, English	00780 3011 0293	Indonesia
Japan	Japanese, English	+81 3 4578 9341	Japan
Korea	Korean, English	+65 3158 1285	Singapore
Malaysia	Bahasa Malaysian, English	+60 3 6207 4347	Malaysia
New Zealand	English	+64 9929 1483	New Zealand
Pakistan	Urdu, English	+65 3158 1329	Singapore
Philippines	Tagalog, English	+63 2 8231 2149	Singapore
Sri Lanka	Sinhalese, English	+65 3158 1195	Singapore
Thailand (local toll free number)	Thai, English	001800 1 2066 6751	Thailand
Vietnam	Vietnamese, English	+65 3158 1255	Singapore

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Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.